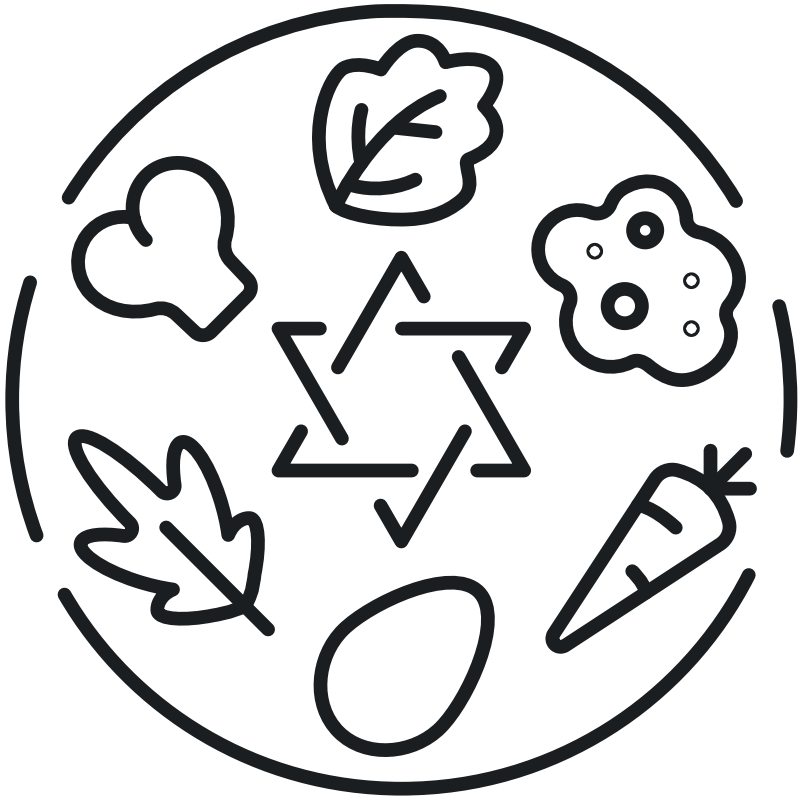
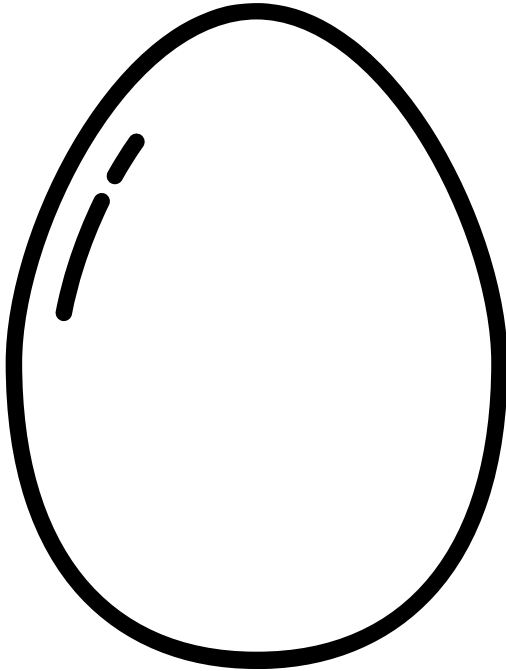


PASSOVER

COLORING

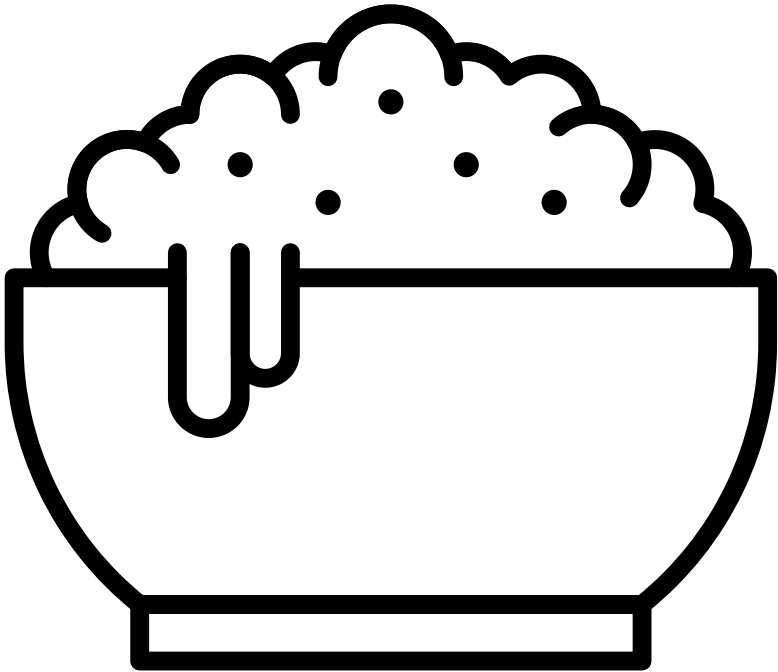
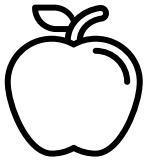


Beitzah
(egg)



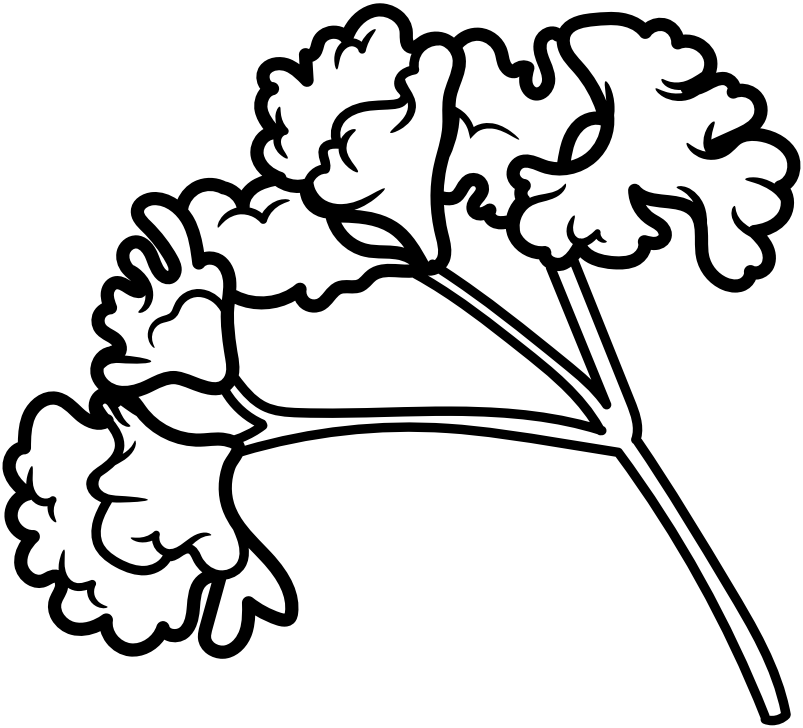
The roundness of the egg represents the cycle of life – even in the most painful of times, there is always hope for a new beginning.

Haroset



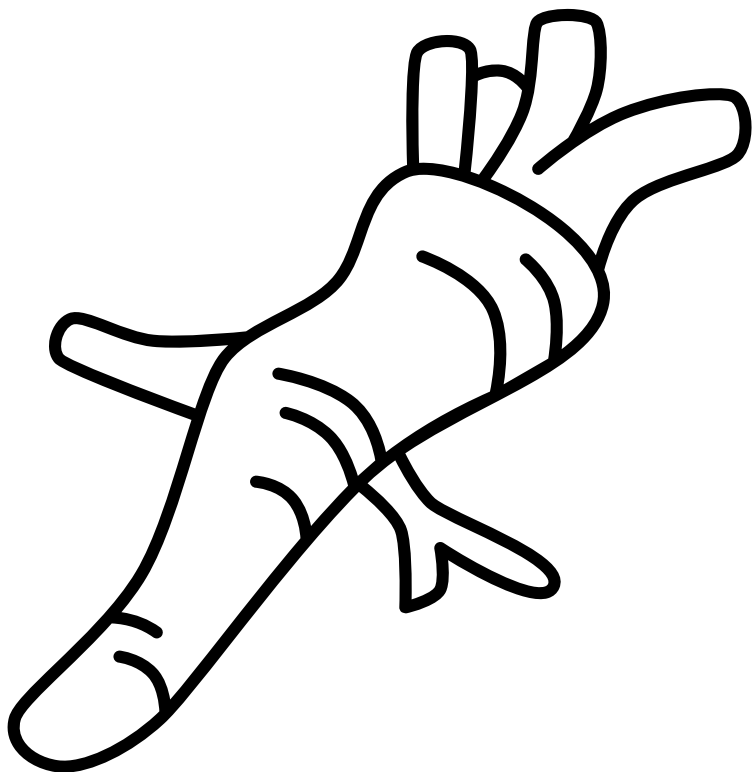
This mix of fruits, wine or honey, and nuts symbolizes the mortar that the Israelite slaves used to construct buildings for Pharaoh.

Karpas
(Parslay)



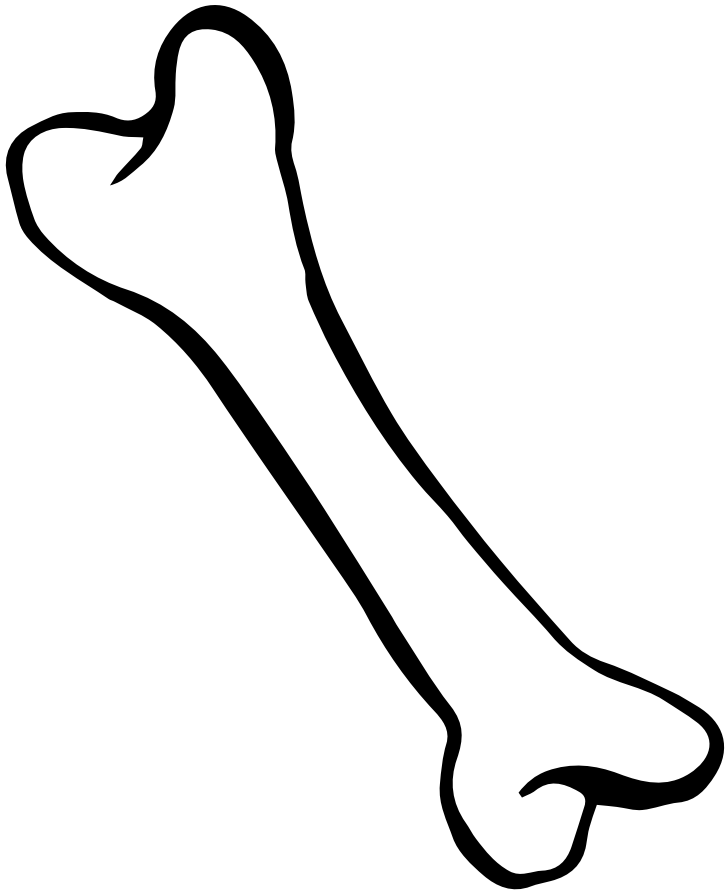
Dip the karpas in salt water in order to taste both the hope of new birth and the tears that the Israelite slaves shed over their condition in slavery.

Maror
(Bitter herbs or
horseradish)



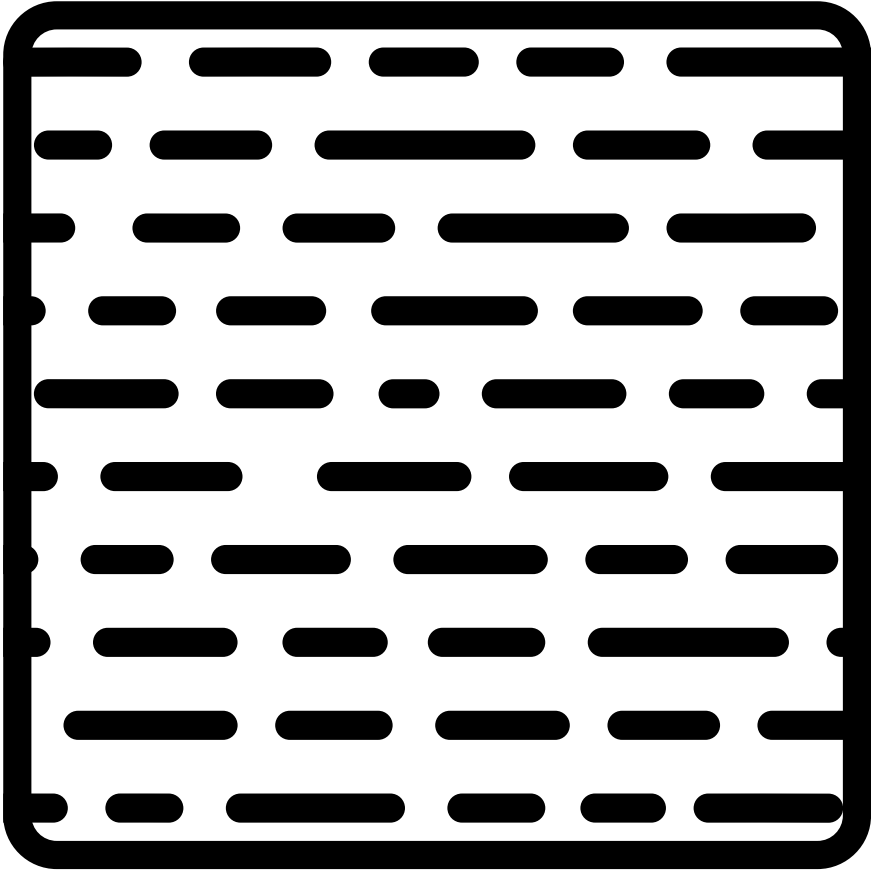
This bitter herb allows us to taste the bitterness of slavery.

Zerod
(Shank bone)



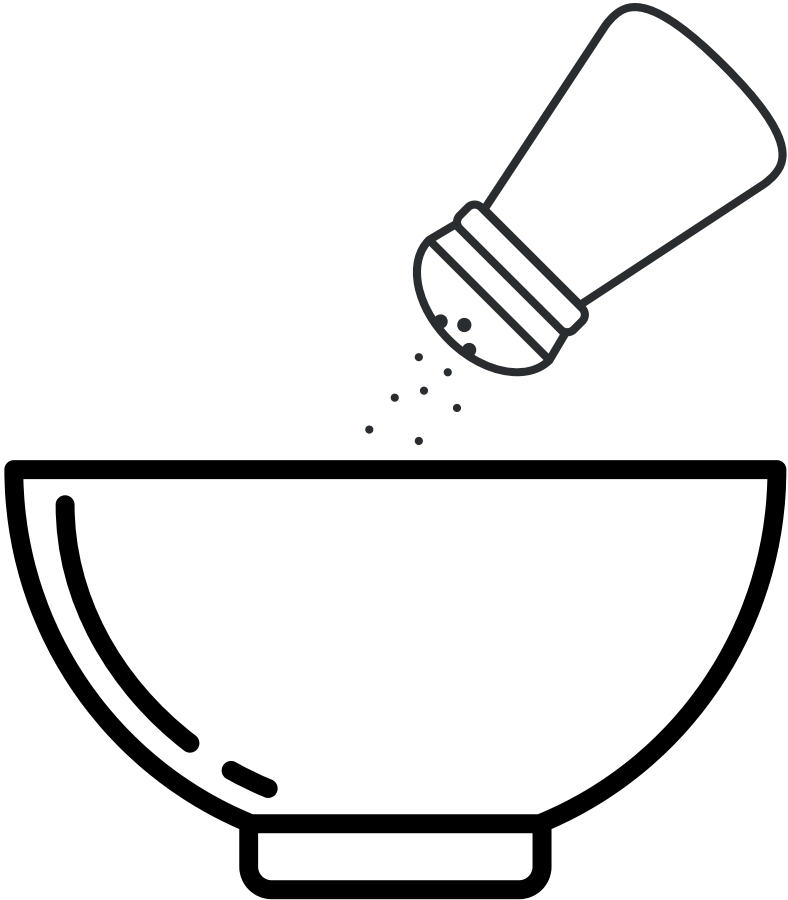
A roasted lamb shank bone symbolizes the lamb that Jews sacrificed as the special Passover offering when the Temple stood in Jerusalem.

Matzah



Three pieces of matzah are placed on a separate plate and symbolize the bread the Israelites hastily took with them when they fled Egypt.

Salt Water



Represents the tears of the Israelites when they were enslaved

Chag Pesach
Sameach!!

